

Statistical and Econometric Methods for Transportation Data Analysis

Chapter 14 – Ordered Probability Models

Example 14.3 (Third Edition)

Ordered Discrete Data – Hierarchical Ordered Probit Model

You are given injury-severity data from 4,999 single-vehicle highway accidents in the state of Washington. The data – collected over a three-year-period, between 2011 and 2013 – were jointly obtained from the SHRP2 Roadway Information Database and the Highway Safety Information System, and include roadway characteristics, traffic characteristics, accident-related characteristics, vehicle-, driver-, and collision-specific information. There are four possible severity outcomes: no evident injury (property-damage-only and possible injury); evident non-incapacitating injury; incapacitating injury; and fatality.

Your task is to study the factors that affect accident injury severities using ordered probability models, to account for the ordinal nature of the injury severity outcomes. One basic limitation of the traditional ordered probit/logit model is that the thresholds defining the ordered probability outcomes are considered to be fixed across the observations. The hierarchical ordered probit (HOPIT) model can to some extent address this limitation, by allowing the thresholds to vary as a function of explanatory parameters:

$$\mu_{i,j} = \mu_{i,j-1} + \exp(t_j + \mathbf{d}_j \mathbf{S}_i) \quad (1)$$

where, t is the intercept for each threshold, \mathbf{S} are vectors of variables affecting the thresholds, and \mathbf{d} are vectors of estimable parameters for \mathbf{S} .

To that end, your task is to estimate a hierarchical ordered probit model, in order to investigate the factors that determine the ordered probability outcomes (injury-severities) and the corresponding thresholds.

Your solution to this problem should include:

1. The results of your best model specification.
2. A discussion of the logical process that led you to the selection of your final model specification. In other words, discuss the theory behind the inclusion of your selected variables. Include t -statistics and justify the sign of your variables.

Variables available for your specification are (in file HOPIT.txt):

Variable	Explanation
1	HSIS case number ID
2	RID case number ID
3	Link ID
4	Injury severity (0: no injury; 1: injury; 2: serious injury; 3: fatality)
5	County (1: Pierce; 2: King; 3: Snohomish)
6	City (1: Seattle; 0: otherwise)
7	Year of crash occurrence
8	Year and month of the crash
9	Month of crash occurrence
10	Day of week of crash occurrence (1: Monday; 2: Tuesday; 3: Wednesday; 4: Thursday; 5: Friday; 6: Saturday; 7: Sunday)
11	Specific quarter of the hour when the crash occurred (1: First quarter of the hour; 2: Second quarter of the hour; 3: Third quarter of the hour; 4: Fourth quarter of the hour)
12	Time of day of crash occurrence (in decimal format – multiply with 24 to get approximate hour of the crash)
13	Time of day of crash occurrence (in 24h format)
14	Pedal cyclist involved in the crash (1: involved; 0 otherwise)
15	Pedestrian involved in the crash (1: involved; 0 otherwise)
16	Number of motor vehicles involved
17	Sobriety (1: HBD-Ability impaired; 2: HBD-Ability not impaired; 3: Sobriety unknown; 4: Had not been drinking; 5: Ability impaired (tox test); 6: Ability not impaired (tox test); 7: Had not been drinking (tox test); 9:Unknown)
18	Type of collision (0: Vehicle going straight hits pedestrian; 1: Vehicle turning right hits pedestrian; 2: Vehicle turning left hits pedestrian; 4: Vehicle hits pedestrian - all other actions; 23: From same direction - all others; 31: Not stated; 45: Vehicle-pedal cyclist; 48: Domestic animal (cat, dog, etc.); 50: Fixed object; 51: Other object; 52: Vehicle overturned; 53: Person fell, jumped or was pushed from vehicle; 54: Fire started in vehicle; 56: Breakage of any part of the vehicle resulting in injury or in further property damage; 57: All other non-collision; 85: Vehicle stroke deer; 86: Vehicle stroke elk; 87: Vehicle stroke all other non-domestic animals)
19	Junction presence (0: Roundabout; 1: At intersection and intersection related; 2: Intersection related but not at intersection; 3: At driveway; 4: Not at intersection and not intersection related; 5: At intersection but not intersection related; 7: Driveway related but not at Driveway)
20	Weather conditions (0: Unknown; 1: Clear or partly cloudy; 2: Overcast; 3: Raining; 4: Snowing; 5: Fog or smog or smoke; 6: Sleet or hail or freezing rain; 7: Severe crosswind; 8: Blowing sand or dirt or snow; 9: Other)
21	Lighting condition (1: Daylight; 2: Dawn; 3: Dusk; 4: Dark-street with lights on; 5: Dark-street with lights off; 6: Dark-no street lights; 7: Other; 9: Unknown)
22	Location characteristics (1: Parking lot; 2: Bridge or overpass; 3: Underpass or tunnel;

	4: Rest area or turnout; 8: School zone)
23	Roadway curvature characteristics (1: Straight and level alignment; 2: Straight alignment with grade; 3: Straight alignment at hill; 4: Straight alignment with sag curve; 5: Horizontal curve at level profile; 6: Horizontal curve with grade; 7: Horizontal curve at hill; 8: Horizontal curve with sag curve; 9: Unknown)
24	Stolen vehicle indicator (1: The vehicle was stolen after the crash; 0 otherwise)
25	Driver's age
26	Driver's gender (0: female; 1: male)
27	Ejection status (1: Not ejected; 2: Partially ejected; 3: Totally ejected; 4: Unknown if ejected)
28	Restraining system (1: Lap and shoulder restraint used; 2: Lap belt restraint used; 3: No restraints used; 4: Shoulder belt restraint used; 5: Unknown)
29	Blood alcohol concentration test results (in g/dL)
30	Driver's license status (1: No license; 2: License; 3: Not stated; 4: Unknown)
31	Vehicle type (1: Passenger car; 2: Pickup, panel truck or vanette under 10,000 lbs; 3: Truck (flatbed, van, etc.); 4: Truck and trailer; 5: Truck tractor; 6: Truck tractor and semi-trailer; 7: Truck - double trailer combinations; 9: Taxi; 12: Motorcycle; 14: Other)
32	Vehicle model-year
33	Traffic control (1: Flashing amber; 2: Flashing red; 3: No traffic control; 4: Officer/Flagger; 5: Other traffic control; 6: Railroad signal; 7: Traffic signal; 8: Stop sign; 9: Yield; 10: Unknown)
34	Posted speed limit in mph (0 reflects unknown posted speed limit)
35	Roadway type (0: Unknown; 1: One-way; 2: Two-way undivided; 3: Two-way divided with barrier; 4: Two-way divided, with no barrier; 5: Reversible road; 6: Interchange ramp; 8: Continuous two-way left turn center lanes)
36	State (1: Washington; 0: Other)
37	Vehicle action during crash (1: Braking; 2: Changing lane; 3: Going straight ahead; 4: Going the wrong way on divided highway; 5: Hit a legally parked, unoccupied vehicle; 6: Making left turn; 7: Making right turn; 8: Making U-turn; 9: Merging (entering traffic); 10: Other; 11: Overtaking and passing; 12: Slowing down; 13: Entering the traffic stream)
38	Number of axles (for trucks)
39	Crash occurrence on- or off-roadway (0: Off-roadway; 1: On-roadway)
40	Annual average daily traffic (AADT) in vehicles per day
41	Lane width (in feet)
42	Median width (in feet)
43	Number of lanes
44	Shoulder width (in feet)
45	Segment length (in miles)
46	Roadway classification (1: Urban; 2: Rural)
47	Horizontal curve length (in feet)
48	Horizontal curve radius (in feet)
49	Access control (1: Yes; 2: No)

```
|-> read; nvar=49;nobs=4999;file=U:\00Work-Purdue\Book\Ex14-3(3E).txt$
|-> skip
|-> histogram;rhs=x4;list$
```

```
Histogram for X4          NOBS =    4999, Too low:    0, Too high:    0
Bin  Value of X4          Frequency          Cumulative Frequency
=====
  0      0          3576 ( .7153)          3576 ( .7153)
  1      1          1323 ( .2647)          4899 ( .9800)
  2      2           72 ( .0144)          4971 ( .9944)
  3      3           28 ( .0056)          4999 (1.0000)
```

```
|-> create;if(x9=12|x9=1|x9=2)winter1=1$
|-> create;if(x18=50)fixobj=1$
|-> create;if(x25<25)young=1$
|-> create;xx40=x40/10000$
|-> dstat;rhs=young,fixobj,xx40,x36,winter1,X26$
```

```
-----+-----
Variable|          Mean          Standard          Minimum          Maximum          Cases          Missing
-----+-----
          |          Deviation
YOUNG|          .344069          .475111          0.0          1.0          4999          0
FIXOBJ|          .826565          .378661          0.0          1.0          4999          0
XX40|          11.2802          6.226863          0.0          22.9101          4094          905
X36|          .941988          .233789          0.0          1.0          4999          0
WINTER1|          .285857          .451867          0.0          1.0          4999          0
X26|          .60212          .489509          0.0          1.0          4999          0
-----+-----
```

```
|-> ordered;lhs=x4;rhs=one,young,fixobj,xx40,x36$
```

```
-----+-----
Deleted      905 observations with missing data. N is now      4094
-----+-----
```

```
Iterative procedure has converged
Normal exit: 12 iterations. Status=0, F=      .2798481D+04
```

```
-----+-----
|          CELL FREQUENCIES FOR ORDERED CHOICES          |
-----+-----
|          Frequency          Cumulative < =          Cumulative > = |
|Outcome          Count          Percent          Count          Percent          Count          Percent |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|X4=00          2926          71.4704          2926          71.4704          4094          100.0000 |
|X4=01          1079          26.3556          4005          97.8261          1168          28.5296 |
|X4=02           65          1.5877          4070          99.4138           89          2.1739 |
|X4=03           24           .5862          4094          100.0000           24           .5862 |
-----+-----
```

```
-----+-----
Ordered Probability Model
Dependent variable          X4
Log likelihood function          -2798.48065
Restricted log likelihood          -2814.26557
Chi squared [ 4](P= .000)          31.56985
Significance level          .00000
McFadden Pseudo R-squared          .0056089
Estimation based on N = 4094, K = 7
Inf.Cr.AIC = 5611.0 AIC/N = 1.371
Underlying probabilities based on Normal
```

	X4 Coefficient	Standard Error	z	Prob. z >Z*	95% Confidence Interval	
Index function for probability.....						
Constant	-.69790***	.10041	-6.95	.0000	-.89469	-.50111
YOUNG	-.03453	.04320	-.80	.4240	-.11920	.05013
FIXOBJ	-.14770***	.05062	-2.92	.0035	-.24692	-.04848
XX40	.01574***	.00327	4.81	.0000	.00933	.02215
X36	.08548	.08784	.97	.3305	-.08669	.25765
Threshold parameters for index.....						
Mu(01)	1.46161***	.04358	33.54	.0000	1.37620	1.54702
Mu(02)	1.96794***	.07173	27.43	.0000	1.82735	2.10854

***, **, * ==> Significance at 1%, 5%, 10% level.

Model was estimated on Apr 12, 2017 at 00:48:24 PM

|-> ordered;lhs=x4;rhs=one,young,fixobj,xx40,x36;H01=winter1,X26;margin\$

Deleted 905 observations with missing data. N is now 4094

Iterative procedure has converged

Normal exit: 15 iterations. Status=0, F= .2787472D+04

Ordered Probability Model

Dependent variable X4
 Log likelihood function -2787.47219
 Restricted log likelihood -2814.26557
 Chi squared [4](P= .000) 53.58677
 Significance level .00000
 McFadden Pseudo R-squared .0095206
 Estimation based on N = 4094, K = 9
 Inf.Cr.AIC = 5592.9 AIC/N = 1.366
 Underlying probabilities based on Normal
 HOPIT (covariates in thresholds) model

	X4 Coefficient	Standard Error	z	Prob. z >Z*	95% Confidence Interval	
Index function for probability.....						
Constant	-.70903***	.10194	-6.96	.0000	-.90882	-.50923
YOUNG	-.02869	.04345	-.66	.5091	-.11386	.05648
FIXOBJ	-.13848***	.05084	-2.72	.0065	-.23812	-.03884
XX40	.01564***	.00329	4.75	.0000	.00918	.02209
X36	.08862	.08808	1.01	.3144	-.08401	.26125
Estimates of t(j) in mu(j)=exp[t(j)+d*z].....						
Theta(1)	.56206***	.05415	10.38	.0000	.45593	.66819
Theta(2)	.87792***	.06304	13.93	.0000	.75437	1.00146
Threshold covariates mu(j)=exp[t(j)+d*z].....						
WINTER1	.03654	.06671	.55	.5839	-.09422	.16730
X26	-.28484***	.06282	-4.53	.0000	-.40797	-.16171

***, **, * ==> Significance at 1%, 5%, 10% level.

Model was estimated on Apr 12, 2017 at 00:48:25 PM

 Marginal effects for ordered probability model
 M.E.s for dummy variables are Pr[y|x=1]-Pr[y|x=0]
 Names for dummy variables are marked by *.

X4	Partial Effect	Elasticity	z	Prob. z >Z*	95% Confidence Interval	
-----[Partial effects on Prob[Y=00] at means]-----						
*YOUNG	.00970	.01331	.47	.6384	-.03075	.05015
*FIXOBJ	.04803	.06590	.71	.4781	-.08466	.18071
XX40	-.00530	-.08205	-.07	.9453	-.15678	.14618
*X36	-.02935	-.04027	-1.18	.2396	-.07827	.01957
-----[Partial effects on Prob[Y=01] at means]-----						
*YOUNG	-.00834	-.03294	-.56	.5726	-.03732	.02063
*FIXOBJ	-.04079	-.16109	-1.22	.2233	-.10645	.02486
XX40	.00455	.20284	.07	.9431	-.12045	.12956
X36	.02544	.10048	1.75	.0806	-.00310	.05399
-----[Partial effects on Prob[Y=02] at means]-----						
*YOUNG	-.00099	-.07062	-.21	.8333	-.01017	.00820
*FIXOBJ	-.00520	-.37222	-.23	.8191	-.04972	.03932
XX40	.00054	.43795	.06	.9547	-.01814	.01922
*X36	.00286	.20467	.27	.7890	-.01807	.02378
-----[Partial effects on Prob[Y=03] at means]-----						
*YOUNG	-.00037	-.09235	-.15	.8777	-.00510	.00436
*FIXOBJ	-.00204	-.50602	-.16	.8718	-.02677	.02270
XX40	.00020	.57468	.05	.9589	-.00759	.00800
*X36	.00105	.26103	.18	.8567	-.01035	.01245

z, prob values and confidence intervals are given for the partial effect
 ***, **, * ==> Significance at 1%, 5%, 10% level.
 Model was estimated on Apr 12, 2017 at 00:48:25 PM

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-----  

|-> ordered;lhs=x4;rhs=one,young,fixobj,xx40,x36  

;rpm;pts=200;halton  

;fcn=fixobj(n),xx40(n);margin$
```

Deleted 905 observations with missing data. N is now 4094

Iterative procedure has converged
 Normal exit: 23 iterations. Status=0, F= .2798098D+04

```
-----  

Random Coefficients OrdProbs Model  

Dependent variable X4  

Log likelihood function -2798.09785  

Estimation based on N = 4999, K = 9  

Inf.Cr.AIC = 5614.2 AIC/N = 1.123  

Sample is 1 pds and 4999 individuals  

Simulation based on 200 Halton draws  

Missing data: Skipped 905 individuals.  

Ordered probability model  

Ordered probit (normal) model  

LHS variable = values 0,1,..., 3
```

X4	Coefficient	Standard Error	z	Prob. z >Z*	95% Confidence Interval	
Nonrandom parameters.....						
Constant	-.69137***	.10076	-6.86	.0000	-.88885	-.49389
YOUNG	-.03555	.04349	-.82	.4136	-.12079	.04969
X36	.09318	.08775	1.06	.2883	-.07882	.26517
Means for random parameters.....						
FIXOBJ	-.15095***	.05055	-2.99	.0028	-.25003	-.05187
XX40	.01365***	.00333	4.10	.0000	.00713	.02017
Scale parameters for dists. of random parameters.....						
FIXOBJ	.02201	.02280	.97	.3344	-.02268	.06670
XX40	.01780***	.00160	11.11	.0000	.01466	.02094
Threshold parameters for probabilities.....						
Mu (01)	1.50369***	.04559	32.99	.0000	1.41434	1.59304
Mu (02)	2.02807***	.07632	26.57	.0000	1.87849	2.17765

***, **, * ==> Significance at 1%, 5%, 10% level.
Model was estimated on Apr 14, 2020 at 11:12:26 AM

Marginal effects for ordered probability model
M.E.s for dummy variables are $\Pr[y|x=1]-\Pr[y|x=0]$
Names for dummy variables are marked by *.

X4	Partial Effect	Elasticity	z	Prob. z >Z*	95% Confidence Interval	
-----[Partial effects on Prob[Y=00] at means]-----						
*YOUNG	.01192	.01655	.82	.4120	-.01656	.04040
*X36	-.03058	-.04246	-1.09	.2755	-.08554	.02439
*FIXOBJ	.05210***	.07233	2.92	.0035	.01711	.08708
XX40	-.00459***	-.07194	-4.10	.0000	-.00679	-.00240
-----[Partial effects on Prob[Y=01] at means]-----						
*YOUNG	-.01034	-.03955	-.82	.4126	-.03506	.01439
*X36	.02671	.10221	1.08	.2797	-.02172	.07515
*FIXOBJ	-.04457***	-.17053	-2.96	.0031	-.07412	-.01502
XX40	.00398***	.17164	4.11	.0000	.00208	.00588
-----[Partial effects on Prob[Y=02] at means]-----						
*YOUNG	-.00113	-.08080	-.83	.4089	-.00380	.00155
*X36	.00276	.19820	1.15	.2505	-.00195	.00747
*FIXOBJ	-.00527***	-.37849	-2.68	.0074	-.00913	-.00141
XX40	.00044***	.35374	3.95	.0001	.00022	.00065
-----[Partial effects on Prob[Y=03] at means]-----						
*YOUNG	-.00046	-.10244	-.82	.4097	-.00156	.00064
*X36	.00110	.24511	1.17	.2415	-.00074	.00295
*FIXOBJ	-.00225***	-.50038	-2.59	.0096	-.00396	-.00055
XX40	.00018***	.45033	3.73	.0002	.00009	.00027

z, prob values and confidence intervals are given for the partial effect
***, **, * ==> Significance at 1%, 5%, 10% level.
Fixed parameter ... is constrained to equal the value or
had a nonpositive st.error because of an earlier problem.
Model was estimated on Apr 14, 2020 at 11:12:26 AM