Queensland University of Technology Transport Data Analysis and Modeling Methodologies

Lab Session #9 (Ordered Probit with Random Effects)

A survey of 56 subjects was conducted on freeways in the Seattle area (see text pages 352-357). Each subject drove a vehicle over 40 freeway segments (thus each subject can generate as many as 40 observations if there is no missing data). As they drove over the test segments, they were asked: "How would you rank the roughness of the road on a scale from one to five – with one being the smoothest (or the best) and five being the roughest (or the worst)?" Data were collected on the type of vehicle being used (minivan, pickup, etc.), in-vehicle-cabin noise (dBA), vehicle speed (km/h), socioeconomic information, IRI measurement, age of the roadway surface, information on patching, and the Pavement Structural Condition (PSC). This last term is calculated separately for flexible and rigid pavements based on the amount and severity of various distresses and its values range from 100 (excellent pavement condition) to zero (completely deteriorated pavement).

Your task is to estimate a model of the ordered response of roughness perception while accounting for repeat observations from individual subjects:

- 1. The results of your best model specification.
- 2. A discussion of the logical process that led you to the selection of your final specification. (e.g. Discuss the theory behind the inclusion of your selected variables). Include *t*-statistics and justify the sign of your variables.

Variables available for your specification are (in file pavement-pds.txt):

Variable Number	Explanation
1	Individual number
2	Roadway segment number
3	pds for Limdep random effects
4	Ruffness ranking: 1 = very smooth; 5 = very rough
5	Sedan: 1 if yes, 0 if no
6	Sport utility vehicle: 1 if yes, 0 if no
7	Pickup: 1 if yes, 0 if no
8	Mininvan: 1 if yes, 0 if no
9	Nosie dBA reading
10	Speed in miles per hour
11	Level of service: A=1, B=2, C=3,D=4,E=5,F=6
12	User regularly uses I-5: 1 if yes, 0 if no
13	User regularly uses I-90: 1 if yes, 0 if no
14	User regularly uses I-405: 1 if yes, 0 if no
15	User regularly uses SR-520: 1 if yes, 0 if no
16	Female: 1 if yes, 0 if no
17	Married: 1 if yes, 0 if no
18	Age: $0 = Less$ than 21; $1 = 21 - 25$; $2 = 26-30$; $3=31-35$; $4 = 36 - 40$; 5 = 41 - 45; $6 = 46 - 50$; $7 = 51 - 55$; $8 = 56 - 60$; $9 = 61 - 65$; $10 = 66 - 70$; 11 = Over 70
19	Income: $0 = no$ income; $1 = under \$15,000; 2 = \$15,000 - \$24,999;$ 3 = \$25,000 - \$34,999; 4 = \$35,000 - \$44,999; 5 = \$45,000 - \$54,999; 6 = \$55,000 - \$64,999; 7 = \$65,000 - \$74,999; 8 = \$75,000 - \$84,999; 9 = \$85,000 - \$99,999; 10 = \$100,000 - \$150,000; 11 = over \$150,000

20	Education: 1 = some high school; 2 = high school diploma; 3 = technical college degree (AA); 4 = college degree (BS or BA) 5 = post-graduate degree
21	Vehicle type normally driven: (miscoded, do not use)
22	Number of household vehciles
23	Household size
24	Number of household infants
25	Number of household children
26	Number of workers
27	International roughness index (IRI) in m/km
28	Roadway surface age
29	Visible wear: 1 if yes, 0 if no
30	Visible joints: 1 if yes, 0 if no
31	Visible patching: 1 if yes, 0 if no
32	Bridge in section: 1 if yes, 0 if no
33	Surface type: 1 if concrete, 0 if asphalt
34	Rut depth in mm
35	Pavement structural condition index (PSC)
36	Section lenght in miles
37	Number of lanes
38	Cracking present: 1 if yes, 0 if no
39	Scaling present: 1 if yes, 0 if no
40	Faulting present: 1 if yes, 0 if no
41	Spalling present: 1 if yes, 0 if no
42	IRI change from last section (m/km)
43	Nosie change from last section (dBA)
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--> RESET
--> read;nvar=43;nobs=2240;file=D:\old drive d\new laptop\CE697M\pavement-pds.txt
--> histogram; rhs=x4$
--> create; if (x4=1) xx4=0$
--> create; if (x4=2) xx4=1$
--> create; if (x4=3) xx4=2$
--> create; if (x4=4) xx4=3$
--> create; if (x4=5) xx4=4$
--> reject;x4=-999$
--> ordered; lhs=xx4; rhs=one, x9, x16, x27, x28
    ;pds=x3;margin$
Dependent variable is binary, y=0 or y not equal 0
 Ordinary least squares regression Weighting variable = none
Dep. var. = Y=0/Not0 Mean= .8421294172 , S.D.= .3647033082
Model size: Observations = 2179, Parameters = 5, Deg.Fr.= 2174
Residuals: Sum of squares= .3251072901D+04, Std.Dev.= 1.22288
Fit: R-squared=********, Adjusted R-squared = -10.24314
 Diagnostic: Log-L = -3527.7968, Restricted(b=0) Log-L = -893.4726
              LogAmemiyaPrCrt.= .405, Akaike Info. Crt.= 3.243 |
|Variable | Coefficient | Standard Error |b/St.Er.|P[|Z|>z] | Mean of X|
+----+---+
Constant-.5531567899E-01.79501077E-01-.696.4866X9.4853153867E-03.50353896E-03.964.335185.693896X16.1085572574.53419718E-012.032.0421.40339605X27.5682371126.46826433E-0112.135.00001.9368380
X28
          -.1590470840E-01 .27855013E-02 -5.710 .0000 18.140431
```

Normal exit from iterations. Exit status=0.

+	+						
Ordered Probit Model							
Maximum Likelihood Estimates							
Dependent variable	XX4						
Weighting variable	ONE						
Number of observations	2179						
Iterations completed	14						
Log likelihood function	-2645.567						
Restricted log likelihood	-3187.274						
Chi-squared	1083.414						
Degrees of freedom	1083.414						
	4						
Significance level .0000000							
Cell frequencies for outcomes							
Y Count Freq Y Count Freq	Y Count Freq						
0 344 .157 1 769 .352	2 601 .275						
3 351 .161 4 114 .052							
	+						

1 1		Standard Error	b/St.Er.		
Ind Constant4 X9 .1 X161 X27 .7 X28 .1 Thr Mu(1) 1. Mu(2) 2.	dex function f 1087697743 1187111410E-02 1662863090 7277308874 1642796558E-01	.46908654E-01 .44193328E-01	-4.912 1.951 -3.545 16.467 7.084 32.390 45.143 50.578	.0000 .0510 .0004 .0000	-++ 85.693896 .40339605 1.9368380 18.140431

Normal exit from iterations. Exit status=0.

	+				- +
Maximum Likelihood Estimates					
		Dependent variable XX4			
	Weighting				
		observations			
	Iteration	Iterations completed Log likelihood function		26	
	Log likelihood function		-2389.480		
Restricted log likelihood		-2645.567			
	Chi-squar	ed	512.1	L733	
	Degrees of	t freedom		1	
	Significa:	ed f freedom nce level d panel has	.0000)000]	
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+					- + + +
Variable	Coefficient	+ Standard Error +	b/St.Er.	P[Z >z]	Mean of X
+		for probability			++
Constant		.18302227		1357	
X9	5625783440E-0	3 .17690875E-02	318	7505	85 693896
X16	5020315727	.84405249E-01	-5.948	.0000	.40339605
		.50596167E-01			1.9368380
					18.140431
X28 .1932085053E-01 .31342059E-02 6.165 .0000 18.140431 Threshold parameters for index model					
Mu(01)	1.561271285	.39183897E-01	39.845	.0000	
		.36358293E-01			
		.43737096E-01		.0000	
		of random effect			
		.42093354E-01			

+-----+ | Marginal Effects for OrdProbt | Variable | XX4=0 | XX4=1 | XX4=2 | XX4=3 +----+ | ONE | .0295 | .0793 | -.0586 | -.0465 X9 | -.0001 | -.0002 | .0001 | .0001 X16 | .0542 | .1458 | -.1077 | -.0856 X27 | -.0944 | -.2539 | .1875 | .1490 X28 | -.0021 | -.0056 | .0041 | .0033 |