Queensland University of Technology Transport Data Analysis and Modeling Methodologies

Lab Session #15 (Ordered Discrete Data – Bivariate Ordered Probit) Based on Example 14.1

A survey of 250 commuters was in the Seattle metropolitan area (this sample is reduced from the 322 given in the book due to the elimination of some missing data). The survey's intent was to gather information on commuters' opinions of high-occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes (lanes that are restricted for use by vehicles with 2 or more occupants). The variables available from this survey are given on the attached table.

Among the questions asked, commuters were asked whether they agreed with the statement "Existing HOV lanes are being adequately used." (variable number x28 in the table) and "HOV lanes should be open to all vehicles, regardless of vehicle occupancy level." (variable number x29 in the table). The question provided ordered responses of; strongly disagree, disagree, neutral, agree, agree strongly. These two questions are obviously interrelated. To understand the factors determining these two commuter opinions, a bivariate ordered probit model of these survey questions are appropriate.

Your task is to estimate a bivariate ordered response model of whether commuters believe existing HOV lanes are being adequately used and whether they believe HOV lanes should be open to all vehicles, regardless of vehicle occupancy level. Your solution to this problem should include:

- 1. The results of your best model specification.
- 2. A discussion of the logical process that led you to the selection of your final specification. (e.g. Discuss the theory behind the inclusion of your selected variables). Include t-statistics and justify the sign of your variables.

Variables available for your specification are (in file Ex14-1.txt):

Variable Number	Explanation
x1	Usual mode of travel: 0 if drive alone, 1 if two person carpool, 2 if three or more person carpool, 3 if vanpool, 4 if bus, 5 if bicycle or walk, 6 if motorcycle, 7 if other
x2	Have used HOV lanes: 1 if yes, 0 if no
x3	If used HOV lanes, what mode is most often used: 0 in a bus, 1 in two person carpool, 2 in three or more person carpool, 3 in vanpool, 4 alone in vehicle, 5 on motorcycle
x4	Sometimes eligible for HOV lane use but do not use: 1 if yes, 0 if no
x5	Reason for not using HOV lanes when eligible: 0 if slower than regular lanes, 1 if too much trouble to change lanes, 2 if HOV lanes are not safe, 3 if traffic moves fast enough, 4 if forget to use HOV lanes, 5 if other
x6	Usual mode of travel one year ago: 0 if drive alone, 1 if two person carpool, 2 if three or more person carpool, 3 if vanpool, 4 if bus, 5 if bicycle or walk, 6 if motorcycle, 7 if other
x7	Commuted to work in Seattle a year ago: 1 if yes, 0 if no
x8	Have flexible work start times: 1 if yes, 0 if no
x9	Changed departure times to work in the last year: 1 if yes, 0 if no
x10	On average, number of minutes leaving earlier for work relative to last year
x11	On average, number of minutes leaving later for work relative to last year
x12	If changed departure times to work in the last year, reason why: 0 if change in travel mode, 1 if increasing traffic congestion, 2 if change in work start time, 3 if presence of HOV lanes, 4 if change in residence, 5 if change in lifestyle, 6 if other
x13	Changed route to work in the last year: 1 if yes, 0 if no
x14	If changed route to work in the last year, reason why: 0 if change in travel mode, 1 if increasing traffic congestion, 2 if change in work start time, 3 if presence of HOV lanes, 4 if change in residence, 5 if change in lifestyle, 6 if other
x15	Usually commute to or from work on Interstate 90: 1 if yes, 0 if no

x16	Usually commuted to or from work on Interstate 90 last year: 1 if yes, 0 if no
x17	On your past five commutes to work, how often have you used HOV lanes
x18	On your past five commutes to work, how often did you drive alone
x19	On your past five commutes to work, how often did you carpool with one other person
x20	On your past five commutes to work, how often did you carpool with two or more people
x21	On your past five commutes to work, how often did you take a vanpool
x22	On your past five commutes to work, how often did you take a bus
x23	On your past five commutes to work, how often did you bicycle or walk
x24	On your past five commutes to work, how often did you take a motorcycle
x25	On your past five commutes to work, how often did you take a mode other than those listed in variables 18 through 24
x26	On your past five commutes to work, how often have you changed route or departure time
x27	HOV lanes save all commuters time: 0 if strongly disagree, 1 if disagree, 2 if neutral, 3 if agree, 4 if agree strongly
x28	Existing HOV lanes are being adequately used: 0 if strongly disagree, 1 if disagree, 2 if neutral, 3 if agree, 4 if agree strongly
x29	HOV lanes should be open to all traffic: 0 if strongly disagree, 1 if disagree, 2 if neutral, 3 if agree, 4 if agree strongly
x30	Converting some regular lanes to HOV lanes is a good idea: 0 if strongly disagree, 1 if disagree, 2 if neutral, 3 if agree, 4 if agree strongly
x31	Converting some regular lanes to HOV lanes is a good idea only if it is done before traffic congestion becomes serious: 0 if strongly disagree, 1 if disagree, 2 if neutral, 3 if agree, 4 if agree strongly
x32	Gender: 1 if male, 0 if female
x33	Age in years: 0 if under 21, 1 if 22 to 30, 2 if 31 to 40, 3 if 41 to 50, 4 if 51 to 64, 5 if 65 or greater

x34	Annual household income (US dollars per year): 0 if no income, 1 if 1 to 9,999, 2 if 10,000 to 19,999, 3 if 20,000 to 29,999, 4 if 30,000 to 39,999, 5 if 40,000 to 49,999, 6 if 50,000 to 74,999, 7 if 75,000 to 100,000, 8 if over 100,000			
x35	Highest level of education: 0 if did not finish high school, 1 if high school, 2 if community college or trade school, 3 if college/university, 4 if post college graduate degree			
x36	Number of household members			
x37	Number of adults in household (aged 16 or more)			
x38	Number of household members working outside the home			
x39	Number of licensed motor vehicles in the household			
x40	Postal zip code of work place			
x41	Postal zip code of home			
x42	Type of survey comment left by respondent regarding opinions on HOV lanes: 0 if no comment on HOV lanes, 1 if comment not in favor of HOV lanes, 2 comment positive toward HOV lanes but critical of HOV lane policies, 3 comment positive toward HOV lanes, 4 neutral HOV lane comment			

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--> RESET
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Initializing NLOGIT Version 4.0.1 (January 1, 2007).
--> read;nvar=42;nobs=250;file=D:\old_drive_d\new_laptop\CE697N-disk\SURVEYS-...
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--> create; if (x1=0) dalone=1$
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--> create; if (x33>3&x32=1) oldmen=1$
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```
--> create; if (x35>2) college=1$
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--> histogram;rhs=x29\$



--> Skip.

--> oprobit;lhs=x28;rhs=one,dalone,x8,oldmen,college,x37\$

Normal exit from iterations. Exit status=0.

Ordered Maximum Model es Depender Weightin Number of Iteratio Log like Number of Restrict McFadder Chi squa Degrees Prob[Ch: Underly: 	Probability Mod Likelihood Est: stimated: Dec 01 ht variable of observations ons completed elihood function of parameters ted log likeliho h Pseudo R-squat ared of freedom iSqd > value] = ing probabilition Probability Mod equencies for out Freq Y Count 7 .271 1 102 4 .137 4 10	del imates 1, 2014 at 02:12: X28 None 247 13 n -331.1284 9 ood -344.5389 red .0389230 26.82096 5 .6180822 es based on Norma del itcomes Freq Y Count Fr .412 2 34 .1 .040	54 PM. 54 PM. E-04 1 + eq 37		
Variable	Coefficient	Standard Error	b/St.Er.	P[Z >z]	Mean of X
Constant DALONE X8 OLDMEN COLLEGE X37	+Index function 1.28072277 76240151 21665090 36231352 .11175834 .01042439 +Threshold param	for probability .26305890 .16231855 .13931260 .20630507 .17192354 .07924773 meters for index	4.869 -4.697 -1.555 -1.756 .650 .132	.0000 .0000 .1199 .0791 .5157 .8953	.76923077 .48178138 .13765182 .78542510 2.17004049

Mu(1)	1.15563280	.08133363	14.209	.0000
Mu(2)	1.62668407	.09294369	17.502	.0000
Mu(3)	2.52064132	.15641923	16.115	.0000

--> matrix;b1=b;mu1=mu\$

--> oprobit; lhs=x29; rhs=one, dalone, x8, oldmen, college, x37\$

* NOTE: Deleted 3 observations with missing data. N is now 247 *

Normal exit from iterations. Exit status=0.

Ordered Probability Model Maximum Likelihood Estimates Model estimated: Dec 01, 2014 Dependent variable Weighting variable Number of observations Iterations completed Log likelihood function Number of parameters Restricted log likelihood McFadden Pseudo R-squared Chi squared Degrees of freedom	at 02:12:55PM. X29 None 247 14 -344.8131 9 -368.7304 .0648639 47.83456 5
Degrees of freedom Prob[ChiSqd > value] =	5 .0000000
Underlying probabilities based	d on Normal

+ Variable	Coefficient	Standard Error	++- b/St.Er. P	[Z >z]	Mean of X
Constant DALONE X8 OLDMEN COLLEGE X37 	+Index function : 37364383 1.16029608 .29455571 .25666162 .02815170 12921433 +Threshold parame .60337156 .85165310 1.19603541	for probability .28228760 .18285356 .14508997 .20645987 .18150798 .08135103 eters for index .06927361 .07679550 .08992381	-1.324 6.345 2.030 1.243 .155 -1.588 8.710 11.090 13.301	.1856 .0000 .0423 .2138 .8767 .1122 .0000 .0000 .0000	.76923077 .48178138 .13765182 .78542510 2.17004049
> matrix > oprob: ;rh1=c ;rh2=c ;start ********* * NOTE: I ********	<pre>x;b2=b;mu2=mu\$ it;lhs=x28,x29 one,dalone,x8,olo one,dalone,x8,olo t=b1,mu1,b2,mu2, ************************************</pre>	dmen,college,x37 dmen,college,x37 0\$ ***********************************	*********** missing da *********	******* ta. N is *******	************ now 247 * ********
Normal ex: Bivariat Maximum Model es Depender Weightin Number of Log like Number of Restrict McFadder Chi squa Degrees Prob[Ch:	it from iteration te Ordered Probin Likelihood Estin stimated: Dec 01 nt variable of observations ons completed elihood function of parameters ted log likelihoo n Pseudo R-square ared of freedom iSqd > value] =	ns. Exit status= t Model mates , 2014 at 02:13: BivOrdPr None 247 25 -629.4278 19 od -671.7713 ed .0630326 84.68703 19 .0000000	0. 39PM.		
Variable Constant DALONE X8 OLDMEN COLLEGE X37 Constant DALONE X8 OLDMEN COLLEGE X37 MU(01) MU(02) MU(02) MU(03) 	Coefficient Index function I.27326613 79058351 19733572 36715232 .10702937 .01752451 Index function I.15031327 .25726540 .27214882 .01503028 12881210 Threshold Paramon I.15206973 I.63580197 2.58743785 Threshold Paramon .57780387 .82822812 I.18462838	Standard Error on for Probabili .29175468 .17950706 .14245869 .23789879 .17714690 .08375187 on for Probabili .28204837 .18591310 .14620114 .20851183 .17334284 .07899864 eters for Probab .09693405 .11324054 .21769260 eters for Probab .07502241 .09014013 .10134477	<pre>b/St.Er. P ++- ty Model fo</pre>	<pre>[Z >z] r X28 .0000 .0000 .1660 .1228 .5457 .8343 r X29 .2312 .0000 .0785 .1918 .9309 .1030 for X28 .0000 .0000 for X29 .0000 .0000 .0000</pre>	Mean of X .76923077 .48178138 .13765182 .78542510 2.17004049 .76923077 .48178138 .13765182 .78542510 2.17004049

-----+Disturbance Correlation = RHO(1,2) -.31281826 .02590515 -12.076 .0000 RHO(1,2) _____ Cross Tabulation Row variable is X28(Out of range 0-49:Number of Rows = 5(X28 = 0 to 4)Col variable is X29(Out of range 0-49:Number of Cols = 5(X29 = 0 to 4) 0) 0) Chi-squared independence tests: Chi-squared[0] = .00000 Prob value = .00000 G-squared [0] = .00000 Prob value = .00000 ----+ Joint Frequencies for Row Variable X28 Column Variable X29 |X28 | Total | 0 1 2 3 4 . +-----+----+ ----+ ------------Total 247 85 51 21 27 63 ÷-----÷